

Corporate Pathology Procedures Manual

Document No: CPPM-05,05

Version No: 1.3

Communication of Critical, Unexpected or Urgent Results

Appendix 2: MHP High Risk & Critical Results Listing: Chemical Pathology

CHEMICAL PATHOLOGY Analyte Unit Critical Comments:				
Analyte	Onit	Low	High	Comments.
NA	mmol/L	<mark><125</mark>	>155	On the same admission, only call again if:
				 Result falls to <120 mmol/L,
				Result remains <120 mmol/L and decreases
				 Result rises to >155 mmol/L,
				Result remains >155 mmol/L and increases
K	mmol/L	<mark>< 3.0</mark>	<mark>> 6.0</mark>	>6.5 if coming from External Renal dialysis unit
HCO3	mmol/L	<mark>< 13</mark>	> 40	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU
				On the same admission, only call again if:
				Result falls to <13 mmol/L,
				Result remains <13 mmol/L and decreases
				Result rises to >40 mmol/L,
				Result remains >40 mmol/L and increases
G	mmol/L	-	> 25	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU
				Fasting glucose only
CA	mmol/L	<mark><1.80 *</mark>	>3.00	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU
				*Do not call out if corrected calcium \geq 1.8 mmol/L or \leq 2.99
				For in and outpatients admitted under RENAL, do not call ou if corrected calcium ≥ 1.75 mmol/L OR if manually corrected calcium ≥ 1.75 mmol/L in albumin < 30g/L (corrected Ca = (40 – albumin) x 0.02 + total Ca
ICA	mmol/L	<mark><0.9</mark>	>1.5	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU
MG	mmol/L	<0.4	>2.0	On the same admission, only call again if:
-			-	 Result falls to <0.4 mmol/L,
				• Result remains <0.4 mmol/L and decreases
				• Result rises to >2.0 mmol/L,
				 Result remains >2.0 mmol/L and increases
PO4	mmol/L	<mark><0.35</mark>	-	On the same admission, only call again if:
-				• Result falls to <0.35 mmol/L,
				 Result remains <0.35 mmol/L and decreases
DIG	ug/L	-	>2.0	
VANC	ug/L	-	>35.0	Samples from HIH can be phoned the next day
TRIG	mmol/L	-	>12.0	On the same admission, only call again if:
				 Result remains >12.0 mmol/L and increases
PARA	mg/L	-	<mark>>150</mark>	
CORT	nmol/L	<100	_	Unless undergoing Dexamethazone suppression test



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Analyte	Unit	Critical Low	Critical High	Comments:	
Amm	mmol/L	-	>100	For 'Out Patients' (metabolic Clinic only)	
AST	U/L	-	>500	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU Do not call out again if > 500 within the same admission (inpatients) or > 500 within last 7 days (outpatients)	
ALT	U/L	-	>500	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU Do not call out again if > 500 within the same admission (inpatients) or > 500 within last 7 days (outpatients)	
СК	U/L	-	> 1000	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU Do not call out if in ED, or > 1000 within last 14 days	
Trop	ng/L	-	F ≥ 16 M ≥ 26	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU, ED, MPH-ICU, or units cardiac, renal, AMU, Gen Med. Do not call out again if elevated within the same admission from anywhere.	
FT3	pmol/L	-	>30	Do not call out again if previously high within last 6 months and not in ED.	
FT4	pmol/L	-	>45	Do not call out again if previously high within last 6 months and not in ED.	
LACT	mmol/L	-	>3	Do not call if admitted in wards ICU	
BGPH		<7.25	>7.60	Venous samples – Biochem Blood Gas Analyser Only	
BGPH		<7.25	>7.60	Arterial samples – Biochem Blood Gas Analyser Only	
BGPCO2	mmHg	-	>60	Arterial samples – Biochem Blood Gas Analyser Only	
BGPO2	mmHg	<60	-	Arterial samples – Biochem Blood Gas Analyser Only	
BGTHB	g/L	<70	-	 Do not call if: <70 on BGas has been notified in the past 24 hours or <70 on FBE has been validated in the past 24 hours. 	
BGMetHB	%	>30	-	From all Blood Gas Analysers	
TGMMR		-	>20	Thiopurine metabolite TGN/MMP ratio	
Plasma mets			> 1.5 x ULN	Contact Endocrine registrar, unless previously already elevated.	
Flucy	mg/L	-	>100		
VORI	mg/L	-	>5.5		
TACR	ug/L		>30		
MPAeAUC 0-12h	mg.h/L	-	>75		
PBG				Positive Urine screen	
CXAN				Results with comment stating "consistent with SAH".	
Blood Gas	Both A	Arterial and	Venous	All electrolyte results exceeding above critical limits	



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Appendix 3: MHP High Risk & Critical Results Listing: Haematology

HAEMATOLOGY				
Test	Trigger			
Haemoglobin	<70 g/L			
Platelets	<20 x 10^9/L			
WBC	>100 x 10^9/L			
Neutrophil count	<0.5 x 10^9/L			
INR	>5.0			
APTT (on heparin)	>150 sec			
Fibrinogen	<1.0 g/L			
Anti-Xa – LMWH	>1.5			
INR (pre-op)	>2.0 (In patient)			
APTT (pre-op)	>40 sec (In patient)			
Malaria	ICT and Blood Morphology			
First Presentation:	 Suspected acute leukaemia Severe pancytopenia Blood film suggestive of microangiopathic haemolytic anaemia or acute haemolysis due to any cause including sickle cell anaemia Blood film showing microorganisms Positive HITT screen Transfusion reaction investigations suggestive of serologic incompatibility (neg DAT pre-transfusion positive post-transfusion) Positive antibody screen/cross match incompatibility that will delay availability of blood products Pre-admission for extended expiry cross-match but not eligible (e.g. due to presence of red cell abs) 			
Un-expected result that differs significantly	`			
From that obtained on a previous sample in a s	hort time frame.			

END TABLE



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Appendix 4: MHP High Risk & Critical Results Listing: Microbiology

MICROBOIOLOGY				
Test	Trigger			
Blood Cultures:	Positive blood culture result			
New ¹ blood culture isolate of significance:	Staphylococcus aureus			
	Methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)			
¹ The first isolate from the patient's current inpatient	Neisseria meningitidis			
episode from either GeneXpert, BioFire, MALDI, or VITEK identification. If there is a span of >7 days	Listeria species (spp.)			
between initial specimen and current specimen, the more	• Brucella spp.			
recent specimen should be considered and managed as for a 'new specimen'	Burkholderia pseudomallei			
···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Clostridium botulinum			
	Nocardia spp.			
	Mycobacteria spp.			
	Bacteria risk group 3 (RG3) referenced in CMPM- 18,07			
	Any yeast or mould isolate			
Antimicrobial Resistance:	Carbapenemase producing Enterobacterales (CPE).			
An unexpected resistance mechanism/profile detected in an organism	 Vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE) – both VRE VanA & VRE VanB 			
CSF	positive gram stain, culture, or molecular result			
	 elevated white cell count (WCC >5) 			
	Herpes positive NAAT			
Adverse Transfusion sample	Positive microbiological testing			
Micobacterium tuberculosis NAAT test ² First MTb PCR positive result for the patient's	Any new ² positive			
current treatment episode				
Needle-stick Incidents	Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) POSITIVE/INDETERMINATE source AND recipient is Hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb) negative			
	Human Immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen (Ag)/antibody (Ab) POSITIVE or INDETERMINATE source			
	Hepatitis C core antibody (HepCab) positive source			



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MICROBOIOLOGY					
Test	Trigger				
DHHS Notifiable disease list	Bacillus anthracis				
List current as of 16/03/2022	Clostridium botulinum				
https://www.health.vic.gov.au/infectious- diseases/notifiable-infectious-diseases-conditions-	Candida auris				
and-micro-organisms	Vibrio cholerae				
	Corynebacterium diphtheriae				
	Haemophilus influenza type B (meningitis, epiglottitis, other invasive infections)				
	Hepatitis A				
	Japanese encephalitis				
	Legionellosis				
	Listeriosis				
	Measles				
	Invasive Neisseria meningitidis (meningococcal) infection				
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV)				
	Murray Valley Encephalitis virus infection				
	Novel coronavirus 2019 (2019-nCoV)/COVID-19				
	Salmonella typhi/Salmonella paratyphi				
	Yersinia pestis				
	Poliovirus infection				
	Rabies infection				
	Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)				
	Smallpox				
	Francisella turalensis				
	Viral haemorrhagic fevers				

END TABLE.